ANNEX IV

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

	•	Article 0, mist paragraph, or K	-	. ,	
	Product name:	Comgest Monde	Lega ident	l entity ifier:	9695004GIV3G3I838F18
Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that	Environmental and/or social characteristics				
contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that	Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
the investment does not	Yes			🛛 No	
significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.	i	t made sustainable nvestments with an environmental objective:%		(E/S) char not have a sustainabl	d Environmental/Social racteristics and while it did s its objective a e investment, it had a of 39.36% of sustainable ts
The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of environmentally		in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		activities th	vironmental objective in economic nat qualify as environmentally e under the EU Taxonomy
sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable		in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		activities th environme Taxonomy	
investments with an environmental objective			\boxtimes	with a soci	al objective
might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.	i	t made sustainable nvestments with a social bbjective:%			d E/S characteristics, but ake any sustainable n ts
	To what exten financial prod	nt were the environmental and luct met?	l/or soo	cial charact	eristics promoted by this
Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.	The environmental or social characteristics of the SICAV were attained by targeting and investing in companies with a positive overall ESG quality. In order to facilitate the selection of companies with a positive overall ESG quality, the Management Company performed an ESG Market Analysis to identify and exclude companies with the weakest ESG criteria from the investable universe. This resulted in a reduction of the investable universe by at least 20%. This ESG analysis was applied to at least 90% of the companies in the portfolio.				
	In addition, throughout the reference period, the Management Company also applied an exclusion policy to exclude any investment in: (i) companies with negative social characteristics, including those that (a) manufacture anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, biological/chemical weapons, depleted uranium, nuclear weapons, white phosphorus, non-detectable fragments and blinding lasers (>0% of turnover); (b) manufacture and/or distribute conventional weapons (>10% of turnover); (c) are involved in direct tobacco manufacturing and/or distribution (>5% of turnover); and (d) commit serious violations of the UN Global Compact and show no prospect of improvement; and (ii) companies with negative environmental characteristics, including thermal				

coal mine operators (>0% of turnover) and electricity producers whose energy mix including coal exceeds defined relative or absolute thresholds (and whose coal-based generation or revenue was equal to or greater than 20% or electricity producers whose existing coal-based capacity was equal to or greater than 5 GW), without a coal exit strategy.

With regard sustainable investments, below you will find the list of environmental objectives (set out in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 202/852) and the list of social objectives to which the SICAV's sustainable investments have contributed:

1. Environmental objectives:

The SICAV has invested in companies that are considered a sustainable investment and that contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives:

- (i) climate change mitigation; and
- (ii) the transition to a circular economy.

2. Social objectives:

The SICAV has invested in companies that are considered a sustainable investment and that contribute to one or more of the following social objectives:

- (i) the establishment of decent working conditions (including for workers involved in the different stages of the value chain);
- (ii) the promotion of adequate standards of living and the well-being of end users; and
- (iii) an inclusive and sustainable community.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

At the end of December 2022, the SICAV attained the promoted environmental and/or social characteristics, including:

- (i) at least 90% of the companies held in the portfolio with an ESG rating in the top 80% of the ratings assigned to companies analysed by the Management Company;
- (ii) none of the companies held in the portfolio involved in excluded activities; and
- (iii) 39.36% of the assets considered, in the opinion of the Management Company, to be sustainable investments.

Compliance with exclusion policies is monitored before and after investment and exclusion lists are updated quarterly.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made, and how did the sustainable investments contribute to such objectives?

The SICAV invested 39.36% of its assets in sustainable investments that have contributed to the environmental or social objectives listed above.

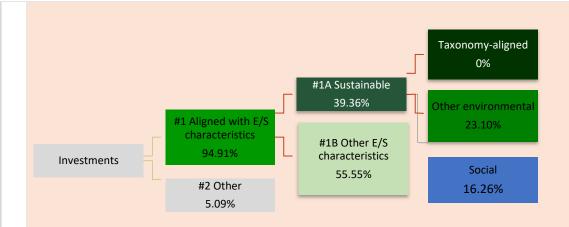
Description of how the sustainable investments contributed to the sustainable investment objectives

	 The contribution of sustainable investments to the environmental and/or social objectives listed above is measured by the Management Company using a proprietary analysis. For social objectives: at least 25% of the turnover of the company held in the portfolio is generated by business activities that contribute to one or more of the United Nations Sustainable Development
	 Goals (SDGs 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 16)¹. For environmental objectives: at least 25% of the turnover of the company held in the portfolio is generated by Taxonomy-eligible economic activities. at least 5% of the turnover of the company held in the portfolio is generated by potentially² Taxonomy-aligned economic activities.
Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability	How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?
factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti- bribery matters.	An assessment was conducted to ensure that investments identified as contributing to one or more of the above environmental and/or social objectives would not cause significant harm to any of these objectives.
	To this end, the Management Company assessed and monitored the 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators ("PAIs") and, to the extent possible, the relevant optional indicators listed in Annex I of the SFDR Delegated Regulation (EU 2022/1288). It also sought to ensure that these investments were consistent with the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.
	How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?
	The 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators were reviewed by the Management Company as part of its assessment of sustainable investments. The Management Company used external data where available and also relied on a qualitative assessment using information directly from the company or its own research where quantitative data was not available.
	Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	To ensure that sustainable investments were in compliance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (the "Guidelines"), the Management Company reviewed and assessed the results of the review of PAIs 10 (Violations of the Guidelines) and 11 (Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor adherence to the Guidelines) to ensure that the SICAV's sustainable investments had not violated the UN Guiding Principles during the reference period and had processes and compliance mechanisms in place to assist in adhering to the Guidelines. In the absence of data, the investment teams conducted their own qualitative assessment by reviewing additional information, including the policies and procedures of the companies concerned, controversies reported by third-party suppliers, the companies' adherence to the United Nations

¹ SDG 2 – Zero hunger, SDG 3 – Good health and well-being, SDG 4 – Quality education, SDG 6 – Clean water and sanitation, SDG 7 – Affordable and clean energy, SDG 8 – Decent work and economic growth, SDG 9 – Industry, innovation and infrastructure, SDG 11 – Sustainable cities and communities, SDG 12 – Responsible consumption and production, and SDG 16 Peace, justice and strong institutions.
 ² This assessment is based on estimates and is not based on data provided by the company.

	Global Compact, or NGO rep	ports.				
	The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.					
		t the EU criteria for en the remaining portion	vironmentally of this financ			
	How did this financial pr factors?	How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainabili factors?				
	As of July 2022, the SICAV considered the principal adverse impacts ("PAIs") on sustainabil factors by assessing and monitoring the 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators (PA mentioned in Annex I of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288. The Management Compa used external data where available and relied on information directly from the company or own research and knowledge of the relevant industry or sector to assess the 14 mandator principal adverse impacts.					
	Management Company has objective is to provide inve- information on companies in each PAI (aggregated at the identify companies for which qualitative data aggregated	s developed an inter estment teams with the portfolio, as well level of the SICAV), in ch engagement active d at the SICAV level adverse impacts ide	nal tool, the instant acce as informatio n order to allo vity should be el guide the entified and al	formation related to PAIs, the "PAI Dashboard", whose main as to all PAI-related data and n on the top five contributors for whe investment teams to easile considered. Quantitative and Management Company in it low it to measure and prioritis wocacy.		
	What were the top investm	ents of this financia	al product?			
The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion	Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the	Largest investments Microsoft Corporation	Technology	5.61%	Country United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during		Technology Pharma/Health		United States United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company	Technology Pharma/Health Communication	5.61% 5.55%	United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services	5.61% 5.55% 4.53%	United States United States United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc.	Technology Pharma/Health Communication	5.61% 5.55%	United States United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08%	United States United States United States United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co.	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08% 3.53%	United States United States United States United States Taiwan		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Johnson & Johnson	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology Pharma/Health	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08%	United States United States United States United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Johnson & Johnson LVMH Moet Hennessy	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology Pharma/Health Cyclical	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08% 3.53% 3.52%	United States United States United States United States Taiwan United States		
investments constituting	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Johnson & Johnson	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology Pharma/Health	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08% 3.53%	United States United States United States United States Taiwan		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Johnson & Johnson LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology Pharma/Health Cyclical	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08% 3.53% 3.52%	United States United States United States United States Taiwan United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Johnson & Johnson LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE Inner Mongolia Yili Industrial Group Co., Ltd Class A	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology Pharma/Health Cyclical Consumption	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08% 3.53% 3.52%	United States United States United States United States Taiwan United States		
investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	Microsoft Corporation Eli Lilly and Company Alphabet Inc. Class A Intuit Inc. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Johnson & Johnson LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE Inner Mongolia Yili Industrial Group Co., Ltd	Technology Pharma/Health Communication services Technology Technology Pharma/Health Cyclical Consumption	5.61% 5.55% 4.53% 4.08% 3.53% 3.52% 3.27%	United States United States United States United States Taiwan United States France		

	Limited							
	HOYA CORPORATION	Pharma/Health	3.03%	Japan				
	ASML Holding NV	Technology	3.02%	Netherlands				
	Experian PLC	Industry	2.77%	United Kingdom				
	Liquidity	Miscellaneous	2.75%	Other				
	L'Oreal S.A.	Non-cyclical consumption	2.66%	France				
	The above investments re period covered by the per representative of that peri	iodic report, and are		nents made during the appropriate intervals to be				
	The proportion of sustainable 23.10% of sustainable inves investments with a social	What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments? The proportion of sustainable investments at the end of December stood at 39.36% and included 23.10% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective and 16.26% of sustainable investments with a social objective. Please see below for a breakdown of each of the environmental and social objectives.						
		Breakdown of the proportion of investments for each of the environmental objectives in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852						
	Environmental objectives			% Assets				
	Climate change mitigation							
		Climate change mitigation & the transition to a circular economy						
	Breakdown of the proportion of investments for each of the social objectiveslisted aboveSocial objectives% Assets							
	Social objectives The establishment of decer							
	workers involved in the diff	5.1976						
	The promotion of adequate of end users	eing 4.87%						
	An inclusive and sustainab	2.71%						
		The promotion of adequate standards of living and the well-being						
	of end users & an inclusive	eing 3.49%						
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.	achieve the environmental	22, 94.91% of the S or social character stments. 5.09% of th	istics promote ne SICAV's ass	s were aligned with and used to d by the SICAV. This included sets (the remaining investments) cs.				



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments;
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic	sectors wer	e the investment	s made?

Sector	% Assets
Technology	23.27%
Pharma/Health	22.50%
Non-cyclical consumption	10.67%
Industry	8.45%
Financial services	8.14%
Cyclical consumption	7.50%
Commodities	7.36%
Communication services	7.02%
Liquidity	3.13%
Miscellaneous – Funds	1.96%

Breakdown by sector

Data as at end of December 2022. Due to rounding, the sum of the figures may not equal 100%.

Breakdown by sub-industry

Sub-industry	% Assets
Pharmaceutical products	10.75%
Medical supplies	10.74%
Semi-conductors	6.01%
Research and consulting services	5.26%
Media and services	4.87%

	13% 94%
Industrial gases 3.	94%
	0170
Clothing, accessories and luxury products 3.	87%
Semi-conductor manufacturing equipment 3.	62%
Other diversified financial services 3.	49%
Personal care products 3.	45%
Speciality chemicals 3.	42%
Application software 3.	41%
Packaged foods and meats 3.	16%
Liquidity 3.	13%
Life and health insurance 2.	55%
Home entertainment software 2.	14%
Scholarships and financial data 2.	10%
Supermarkets and hypermarkets 2.	09%
Household products 1.	97%
Funds 1.	96%
Footwear 1.	95%
Human resources and employment-related services 1.	78%
	69%
	41%
Electronic equipment and instruments 1.	27%
	00%

Data as at end of December 2022. Due to rounding, the sum of the figures may not equal 100%.



To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The percentage of the SICAV's investments that are Taxonomy-aligned is 0% of the SICAV's net assets.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy³?

	Yes	
	□ In fossil gas	□ In nuclear energy
\boxtimes	No	

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental

Enabling activities

directly enable other

objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

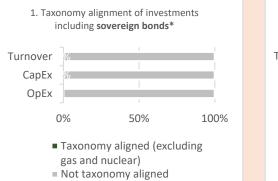
³ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy if they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operating expenses (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



2. Taxonomy alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds* Turnover CapEx OpEx 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% Taxonomy aligned (excluding gas and nuclear) Not taxonomy aligned

*For the purpose of these graphs, "sovereign bonds" consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The percentage of investments in enabling or transitional activities is 0% of the SICAV's net assets.



The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that were not aligned with the EU Taxonomy represented 23.10% of net assets at the end of December. The Management Company has assessed the Taxonomy eligibility and potential Taxonomy alignment of sustainable investments with an environmental objective and believes that these companies are demonstrating positive progress towards Taxonomy alignment and contributing to the identified environmental objectives.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The share of sustainable investments with a social objective represented 16.26% of net assets at the end of December 2022.



What investments were included under "Other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

At the end of December 2022, the SICAV held cash commitments. The SICAV was also invested in othe					
The funds held in the portfolio are managed by gr policy of the Management Company, including its e		apply the investment			
 What actions have been taken to attain the end during the reference period?	/hat actions have been taken to attain the environmental and/or social characteristics uring the reference period?				
Several actions were taken to attain the E/S charac	cteristics during the refe	erence period.			
Engagement activities:					
Maintaining active relationships with companies in investment process.	the portfolio is an esser	ntial aspect of our			
From 1 January 2022 to 30 December 2022, 25 engagement activities were conducted 14 companies in the portfolio to help them improve their ESG practices. 28.6% of engagement activity concerns environmental issues, 42.9% social issues, 9.5% governations and 19% ESG issues.					
Exercising of voting rights:					
The Management Company exercises its voting rights at the general meetings of the con in the portfolio in accordance with the good governance values and voting principles th been defined in light of regulations, industry standards and best practices. The Mana Company aims to vote systematically at all general meetings, whenever technically post During the reference period, the Management Company voted at 40 general meeting 95.24% of all general meetings held by companies in the portfolio.					
Breakdown of votes	%				
"For" votes	78.50%				
"Against" votes	20.80%				
Abstention or refusal to vote	0.70%				
Votes in agreement with management	Votes in agreement with management 74.48%				
Votes against management	25.52%				